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## Members of the Research Forum

Associate Author : <sup>1</sup>Department of Fruit Science, ASPEE College of Horticulture and Forestry, Navsari Agricultural University, NAVSARI (GUJARAT) INDIA

## Author for correspondence : S.J. PATEL

Department of Fruit Science, ASPEE College of Horticulture and Forestry, Navsari Agricultural University, NAVSARI (GUJARAT) INDIA Email : goldmedalist@rediffmail. com

## Flower production of hybrid tea rose (*Rosa hybrida* L.) cv. 'GLADIATOR' under protected condition through different treatments during winter season

■ S.J. PATIL, N.L. PATEL<sup>1</sup>, S.S. GAIKWAD<sup>1</sup> AND P.P. BHALERAO<sup>1</sup>

Abstract : A field experiment was conducted during the year 2003 and 2004 with two main plots *viz.*, 50% shade net (S<sub>1</sub>) and open field (S<sub>2</sub>) and eight sub treatments *viz.*, full dose of N (75 g plant<sup>1</sup>-T<sub>1</sub>), T<sub>1</sub> + Azotobacter 2 g plant<sup>1</sup> (T<sub>2</sub>), T<sub>1</sub> + BA 100 mg l<sup>-1</sup> (T<sub>3</sub>), T<sub>2</sub> + BA 100 mg l<sup>-1</sup>(T<sub>4</sub>), 3/4<sup>th</sup> dose of N (T<sub>5</sub>), T<sub>5</sub>+ Azotobacter 2 g plant<sup>-1</sup> (T<sub>6</sub>), T<sub>5</sub>+ BA 100 mg l<sup>-1</sup> (T<sub>7</sub>) and T<sub>6</sub>+ BA 100 mg l<sup>-1</sup>(T<sub>8</sub>). Results revealed that, the vigorous plant growth *viz.*, plant spread, plant height, total leaf area, number of leaves and shoots per plant, fresh and dry weight of pruned shoots was observed in S<sub>2</sub>. The rose plants grown under shadenet had higher nitrogen content in leaf, superior quality of flowers with more longevity while, early flowering, maximum flower production with more vase life in S<sub>2</sub>. The vigorous growth in terms of plant spread, number of leaves, total leaf area and number of shoots was noted in T<sub>8</sub> treatment plants. Consequently, these plants produced early flower. The height and weight of pruned shoots, nitrogen content in leaf were higher in T<sub>4</sub> treatment. The flower quality in all most all the respects was also better in the plant receiving T<sub>4</sub> treatment. Interaction of situation and treatment was found significant in case of plant spread, total leaf area, number of shoots per plant and flower production in S<sub>2</sub>T<sub>8</sub> treatment combination. The flowers with higher stalk length were produced in S<sub>1</sub>T<sub>8</sub>.

Key words : Gladiator, Open field, Shade net, Azotobacter, Benzyladenine, Rose

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In today's modern world, rose is the highest demanded cut flower and it ranks first in international flower trade. The annual consumption of rose as cut flower in the world is worth 1.5 billion US dollars (Reddy, 1999). The *Rosa hybrida* L. is a vigorous shrub with mild fragrance, foliage soft graygreen, the leaflet oval and usually three to five leaves. Branches are very prickly with hooked. Flowers are of large size, blaming red colour of cv. 'GLADIATOR'. The major rose producing states in India are Karnataka, Maharashtra, Punjab, Uttar Pradesh, Delhi, Chandigarh, West Bengal, Himachal Pradesh, Rajasthan, Kashmir and Gujarat. Biofertilizers are microbial inoculants of selective microorganisms like bacteria, algae, fungi, already existing in nature. *Azotobacter* is one of the most important non-symbiotic nitrogen fixing micro-organism.

A number of experiments conducted have shown a positive response to *Azotobacter* application on a wide range of crops like cereals, cash crops, flower crops and vegetables. In South Gujarat, during summer, temperature is very high. Due to high temperature, flower colour becomes faint due to which flower quality deteriorates. Use of 50 per cent shade net can reduce light intensity, insect attack and improve flower quality. Considering the importance of rose as cut flower and its popularity, it was thought worthwhile to carryout research as on use of 50 per cent shade net, Benzyladenine plant growth regulator and *Azotobacter* bio-fertilizer to know the growth, yield, and quality as well as vase life of rose cv. GLADIATOR under the agro-climatic conditions of South Gujarat.