Management of black spot disease of rose caused by *Diplocarpon rosae* with fungicides and cultural practices

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Rosary is the best known and most popular of garden flower throughout the world and is one of the nature’s beautiful creations. It is universally acclaimed as the “queen of flower”. No other flower is a better symbol of love, adoration, innocence and other virtues than the rose.

The black spot disease caused by *Diplocarpon rosae* Wolf. (*Marssonina rosae*) is the most important disease of cultivated roses throughout the world particularly, so in areas of high rainfall. Under field conditions, the treatment comprising Thiophanate methyl + Potash was most effective in managing the black spot disease of rose followed by the other treatments viz, Thiophanate methyl + Silicon, Carbendazim + Potash and Carbendazim + Silicon.

**Summary**

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**Key words**: Black spot, Rose, *Diplocarpon rosae*, Fungicides, Cultural practices

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